Q1. What are the two latest user-defined exception constraints in Python 3.X?

Ans: Python also provides an exception handling method with the help of try-except. Some of the standard exceptions which are most frequent include IndexError, ImportError, IOError, ZeroDivisionError, TypeError, and FileNotFoundError.

Q2. How are class-based exceptions that have been raised matched to handlers?

Ans: Class-based exceptions are either raised by the ABAP statement RAISE EXCEPTION or by the ABAP runtime environment.

Q3. Describe two methods for attaching context information to exception artefacts.

Ans: When raising a new exception while another exception is already being handled, the new exception's \_\_context\_\_ attribute is automatically set to the handled exception.

Q4. Describe two methods for specifying the text of an exception object's error message.

Ans:

Q5. Why do you no longer use string-based exceptions?

Ans: This is the base class for all built-in exceptions.